HEALTHY, ACTIVE BEGINNINGS

A Parent's Guide to Health and Physical Education Standards







District of Columbia Office of the State Superintendent of Education

Pre-Kindergarten through Grade 5

Message from the State Superintendent of Education

September 30, 2008

Dear Parents/Guardians,

I strongly believe that the physical health and well-being of our District of Columbia students is a critical issue. In December 2007, the D.C. State Board of Education unanimously approved guidelines for health and physical education standards to be taught in District of Columbia public schools. The standards were developed using input from focus groups that included parents, civic leaders, health professionals, and educators. Research and statistical data also informed the development of the standards. These standards provide us with the opportunity to set the bar as high as it can be raised for the health and physical education of our students.



Health and physical education standards describe what your student is to know and be able to do in these areas of study. There are learning standards for Pre-Kindergarten through grade 8 and at the high school level. In order to graduate from a District of Columbia public high school, students in grades 9-12 must complete 1.5 units of health and physical education instruction.

The information contained in this guide is organized around five major themes that research has identified as impacting students in the District of Columbia. They are:

- Nutrition
- Physical Activity
- Safety
- Alcohol, Drugs, Tobacco
- HIV/AIDS

I hope that you will use the information and suggestions provided in this parent guide to help your child to become a healthy adult. Your child's school is expected to use these standards to teach your child, and I encourage you to hold the school accountable for ensuring that your child is learning about health and physical education. Participation in structured physical activity, in combination with good nutrition, is absolutely necessary to maintain good health and prevent obesity among children. Ultimately, a child's health is vital to ensuring that he or she is ready to receive an excellent education.

Sincerely yours,

Deborah A. Gist

State Superintendent of Education



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Pre-Kindergarten Health and Physical Education Standards

Pre-kindergarten is a time for children to begin learning the basics of health and physical activity.

In Health and Physical Education, your child will learn to:

- Describe and express feelings, such as happiness, surprise, anger, fear and sadness.
- Play cooperatively with other children.
- Respect and care for the classroom environment.
- Understand that the body needs rest, exercise and good nutrition.
- Identify different parts of the parts of the body, such as head, arms and legs.
- Jump and roll; toss, catch and kick a large ball; ride a tricycle; stretch and climb.
- Exercise and move to different musical beats.



Daily Checklist for Healthy Habits

You may want to create a checklist to help your child develop and practice good habits

Today I got plenty of:

_____ Rest (at least 8 hours of sleep each night)

Exercise (at least 30 minutes of physical activity each day)

Good Nutrition (ate five helpings of fruits and vegetables)

I also:

_____ Put away toys and other items at home and at school



In the K–2 grades, your child will be learning and exploring more ways to balance a healthy routine of rest, work, play and eating. Your child also will be learning more about the human body, healthy behavior and relationships.

In **Health**, your child will learn to:

- Express feelings in positive ways and learn how families and friends take care of one another.
- Cross the street and bike safely.
- Understand basic fire and water safety skills.
- Name the five senses (seeing, hearing, smelling, tasting, touching).
- Name basic body organs, including the heart, brain, lungs, skin and stomach, and what they do.
- Identify common signs of illness, such as a runny nose, coughing and sneezing, and how childhood illnesses can be prevented and treated with healthy habits, checkups and screenings.
- Understand food groups (grains, fruits, vegetables, milk, meat and beans, oils).
- Choose healthy foods (whole grains, fruits and vegetables, low-fat and low-sugar foods) to prevent obesity and other health problems.
- Understand difference between helpful medicines and harmful drugs and poisonous substances.

In **Physical Education**, your child will learn basic movement skills, such as:

- Basic motor skills, such as moving in straight, curved and zigzag patterns.
- Jogging, running, hopping, sliding, galloping, skipping, climbing and stretching.
- Throwing overhand and underhand and catching a rolled or tossed ball.
- Kicking and dribbling a ball.
- Basic gymnastic skills, such as tumbling, rolling and jumping.
- Rhythmic movements, such as clapping and moving to fast and slow beats, simple dances and ribbon routines.





GRADES 3-5 HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION STANDARDS

As children grow, they become more aware of their feelings and more responsible for choices about themselves, their peers and their community. They understand better how their feelings and choices might impact their lives. In school, students will focus on content, communication and coping skills that increase their understanding of their own growth and development.

In **Health**, your child will learn to:

- Explain that exercise should be a regular routine in life and why it helps to release stress and tension.
- Express emotions and ways of coping with rejection, grief and loss.
- Understand human body systems (digestive, respiratory and circulatory, muscle and skeletal, nervous) and the physical changes of adolescence.
- Explain ways of communicating to adults on how to discuss hormonal changes and sexuality.
- Explain and describe health conditions and diseases, including obesity, diabetes Lyme disease and sexually transmitted diseases (STDs), that are preventable and others that are not.
- Classify foods by nutritional content and value, and use food labels to make informed eating choices.
- Explain the illegal use and possession of drugs.
- Explain how abuse of alcohol, tobacco and drugs may cause physical harm, addiction and at-risk behaviors.

In **Physical Education**, your child will learn and perform different types of movement skills, such as:

- Jumping rope.
- Throwing, catching, kicking and dribbling a ball with a partner or small group.
- Striking a ball with a racket or paddle.
- Stretching, warm-up and cool-down routines.
- Exercises to build muscle flexibility, strength and endurance and to increase breathing and heart rate.
- Rhythmic movements, such as dancing with a partner.





Be a good listener.

For all children:

• Encourage your child to express his or her feelings.

For children in kindergarten, 1st and 2nd grade:

• Talk with your child about the importance of healthy relationships with family and friends.

For children in 3rd, 4th or 5th grade:

• Talk with your child about the difference between healthy and unhealthy relationships with family and friends.

Keep your child safe.

For all children:

- Take a walk around the neighborhood together. Point out the safety and warning signs (such as stop and yield signs; red, yellow and green lights; and sirens).
- Explain why it is important to stop and look both ways before crossing the street.
- Explain the safety rules for walking and biking.

For K–5 children:

- Talk to your child about the difference between a good touch and a bad touch.
- Make sure your child knows what to do in an emergency and who to call or talk to about a problem.

Keep your child healthy.

For all children:

- Provide healthy snacks—such as fruits, nuts and vegetables—instead of foods high in sugar and fats.
- Plan, shop for and cook healthy family meals together.
- Encourage regular hand washing—after going to the bathroom, sneezing or coughing, and before and after meals—to help prevent illness.
- Teach your child about dental care, including brushing teeth before and after meals, flossing and rinsing.
- Encourage good hygiene and grooming.
- If your child has any health issues, work with the school nurse or administrator to develop a plan for administering or monitoring care.





For K–5 children:

- Have your child ask family members or friends for recipes, or find ideas at the library or online.
- At the grocery store, teach your child to identify and shop for fresh foods, especially fruits and vegetables. Have your child read labels and count calories as you pick up items for meals. Cut coupons together and teach your child to respect the value of food in the family budget.

Enjoy physical activity and quiet time together.

For all children:

- Set aside a regular family activity day for games, races and other physical activity. Try walking with your children, riding bikes, throwing a ball or Frisbee.
- Create a daily quiet time and space to relax.

For K-5 children:

• Develop a family fitness routine on the day most convenient for everyone. Aim for at least 30 minutes to one hour of activity.

Be a strong role model.

For all children:

• Plan a family cleanup day in your home. Ask your child to help you recycle or donate clothes and toys to the needy.





Take a few minutes to ask about your child's day.

Encourage your child to talk about feelings. In your own words, you may want to say:

- What made you happy today?
- What was your favorite part of your day?
- Can you tell me how you felt _____? (At a specific time of the day or after an upsetting event)

Sing songs and play games.

Songs and games are fun ways to get good exercise and make healthy connections.

Sing and act out Head and Shoulders:

Head and shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes Head and shoulders, knees and toes, knees and toes And eyes and ears and mouth and nose Head and shoulders knees and toes, knees and toes

Play and act out Simon Says:

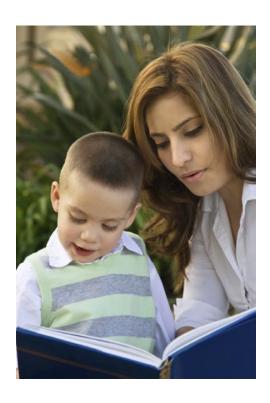
Simon says, "Touch your ankle." Simon says, "Touch your elbow." ... Touch your hip----Ohhh, you're out!





Prevent substance abuse—starting now.

• Talk with your child about the harmful effects of drugs, tobacco and alcohol on people they know, such as family members, friends or famous people. Talk about the physical risks, personal and family problems, high costs and legal trouble caused by substance abuse.





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Prepare for adolescence—starting now.

- Discuss with your child the normal stages of human development (from baby to teenager to adult). You may want to create an activity, such as planting a flower together, to discuss the facts of life.
- Discuss reproduction and growth of animals when you take your child to the zoo or when a family pet or friend's pet reproduces or is observed "in heat" or has to go to the vet to "get fixed".
- Communicate openly with your child about sex. Encourage abstinence, as well as explain the consequences of unprotected sex.
- Provide your child with reading material about puberty.

Prevent substance abuse.

• Continue talking with your child about the harmful effects of drugs, tobacco and alcohol on people they know, such as family members, friends or famous people. Talk about the physical risks, personal and family problems, high costs and legal trouble caused by substance abuse.



The vast majority of children do not get the recommended amount of calcium (for 9- to 13-year-olds, only 5 percent of girls and 25 percent of boys get the calcium they need).

- Calcium is critical for bone health, especially for growing children and teens.
- Low-fat (1 percent) and fat-free (skim) milk provide calcium and other nutrients without a lot of saturated fat.
- A cup of whole milk contains three times as much saturated fat as the same amount of low-fat (1 percent) milk (4.6 grams of saturated fat in whole milk vs. 1.5 grams in low-fat milk).
- Kids who eat school lunch drink more milk than those who don't. So, school lunch can make a real difference in children's lives.

People who eat a variety of fruits are likely to have a reduced risk of some chronic diseases.

- The 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans recommend that we eat two cups of fruit every day (based on a 2,000-calorie meal plan).
- Fruits provide nutrients that we need for good health, such as potassium, fiber, vitamin C, Vitamin A, and folate.
- Fruits are naturally low in fat and sodium and they have no cholesterol.

Whole grains contain fiber, vitamins, minerals and antioxidants.

- Whole grains may reduce the risk of several chronic diseases, including heart disease, and may help maintain a healthy weight.
- The 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans recommend we consume at least half of our grains as whole grains (three or more ounce-equivalents per day).
- Offer one or more whole-grain products every day in school meals.

Soft drinks are currently the leading source of added sugars in the daily diet of young Americans. The average teenager gets 15 to 20 teaspoons a day of added sugar from soft drinks alone, according to the Philadelphia Coalition for Healthy Children.

Source: Team Nutrition, an initiative of the U.S. Department of Agriculture Food and Nutrition Service





Eat Right

- 1. **Make half your grains whole.** Choose whole-grain foods, such as whole-wheat bread, oatmeal, brown rice, and low-fat popcorn, more often.
- 2. **Vary your veggies.** Go dark green and orange with your vegetables—eat spinach, broccoli, carrots and baked sweet potatoes.
- 3. **Focus on fruits.** Eat them at meals, and at snack time, too. Choose fresh, frozen, canned or dried, and go easy on the fruit juice.
- 4. **Get your calcium-rich foods.** To build strong bones serve low-fat and fat-free milk and other milk products several times a day.
- 5. **Go lean with protein.** Eat lean or low-fat meat, chicken, turkey and fish. Also, change your tune with more dry beans and peas. Add chickpeas, nut, or seeds to a salad, pinto beans to a burrito, or kidney beans to soup.
- 6. **Change your oil.** We all need oil. Get yours from fish, nuts and liquid oils such as corn, soybean, canola and olive oil.
- 7. **Don't sugarcoat it.** Choose foods and beverages that do not have sugar and caloric sweeteners as one of the first ingredients. Added sugars such as high fructose corn syrup as a first ingredient contributes calories with few, if any nutrients.



Farm-to-School Program

TRY THIS: START A

Americans are becoming more interested in eating fresh, high-quality fruits and vegetables grown by local farmers. Farm-to-school programs are one way to help children eat healthier meals at school. These programs also can provide students with valuable learning experiences, such as planting and tending school gardens, visiting farmers' markets, and learning about nutrition with hands-on food preparation.

To learn more about these programs, go to www.fns.usda. gov/cnd/Guidance. Then ask other parents to join you in working with your child's school principal or teacher to start a farm-to-school project.

Source: My Pyramid For Kids, United States Department of Agriculture



Stay Fit

- 1. **Set a good example.** Be active and get your family to join you. Have fun together. Play with the kids or pets. Go for a walk, tumble in the leaves, or play catch.
- 2. **Take the President's Challenge as a family.** Track your individual physical activities together and earn awards for active lifestyles at www.presidentschallenge.org.
- 3. **Establish a routine.** Set aside time each day as activity time—walk, jog, skate, cycle or swim. Adults need at least 30 minutes of physical activity most days of the week; children need 60 minutes every day or most days.
- 4. **Have an activity party.** Make the next birthday party centered on physical activity. Try backyard Olympics or relay races. Have a bowling or skating party.
- 5. **Set up a home gym.** Use household items, such as canned foods, as weights. Stairs can substitute for stair machines.
- 6. **Move it!** Instead of sitting through TV commercials, get up and move. When you talk on the phone, lift weights or walk around. Remember to limit TV watching and computer time.
- 7. **Give activity gifts.** Give gifts that encourage physical activity—active games or sporting equipment.



Score a fire safety home run—do a home fire safety inspection! Striking out fire in your home requires a little homework. Take about 20 minutes to inspect your home. As you go from room to room, answer the questions below. For each question you answer "yes" to, give yourself a point. When you're finished, add up the points to find out your score. Ask your child to help you complete this checklist!

First Base—Cooking Safety Does a grownup always stay in the kitchen when food is cooking on the stove? Yes No ____ Yes ____ No Are stove tops and counters clean and uncluttered? Yes No Are there pot holders within easy reach of the stove? Are pot handles turned inward so they can't be bumped? ____ Yes ____ No Are curtains and other things that can burn well away from the stove? Yes No Yes No Is there a "kid-free" zone of three feet (one meter) around the stove when grownups are cooking? **Second Base—Heating Safety** ____ Yes ____ No Are portable space heaters always turned off when adults leave the room or go to sleep? Yes No If space heaters are used in your home, are they at least three feet (one meter) away from anything else that can burn, including people, furniture, and pets? Does your fireplace have a sturdy screen to catch sparks? ____ Yes __ No Has your chimney been inspected and cleaned during the past year? Yes No Has your furnace been serviced by a professional in the past year? Yes No Are propane tanks and other fuels stored outside your home? Third Base—Electrical Safety Are extension cords used safely? (Are they not under carpets or across doorways?) Are electrical cords in good condition, without cracks or frayed areas? Yes No (A grownup should unplug lamps and appliances before inspecting the cords.) Are kitchen appliances—such as the coffee maker, toaster oven and microwave— Yes No plugged into separate outlets?







Home Plate	—Smok	te Alarms/ Home Fire Escape
Yes	No	Does your home have smoke alarms on every level, including the basement, and
		outside each sleeping area?
Yes	No	Are the batteries working in all your smoke alarms? (A grownup should help by
		pushing the test button to find out.)
Yes	No	Are all the exits in your home clear of furniture, toys, and clutter?
Yes	No	Does your family have a home fire escape plan that includes two exits, usually a
		door and a window, from each room?
Yes	No	Has your family picked a safe place to meet outside after you exit your home?
Yes	No	Have you and your family practiced a home fire drill within the last six months?
		(Why not do one tonight?)
Yes	No	Do you know the fire department's emergency phone number (which should be
		called from a neighbor's or nearby phone once you get outside)?





What's Your Fire Safety Batting Average?

- If you answered "yes" to all of the checklist questions above, congratulations! You scored a fire safety home run!
- If you answered "yes" to 15 to 20 questions, you've made it to third base. Just make a few adjustments, and you'll easily hit a fire safety home run.
- If you answered "yes" to 10 to 14 questions, you've hit a double. You're going in the right direction, but you've got some work to do before you get to home plate.
- If you answered "yes" to fewer than 10 questions, you've reached first base, but you need to make many changes around your home in order to reach home plate.
- For all questions to which you answered "no," make sure your family takes the steps needed to make them a "yes" so you can all score a fire safety home run!



Health

Community Resources

Children's Hospital

111 Michigan Ave., NW Washington, D.C 20010 (202) 476-5000 www.childrensnational.org

District of Columbia Department of Health

825 North Capitol Street NE Washington, DC 20002 (202) 671-5000 www.doh.dc.gov

District of Columbia Department of Mental Health

77 P Street, N.E., 4th Floor Washington, D.C. 20002 Mental Health Access Hotline 1-888-793-4357

Latin American Youth Center (LAYC)

1419 Columbia Road, NW Washington, DC 20009 (202) 319-2225 www.layc-dc.org

Women, Infant, Children (WIC)

Nutrition Programs Administration WIC State Agency 2100 Martin Luther King Jr. Avenue, SE Suite 409 Washington, DC 20020 (202) 645-5663 (202) 645-0516 Fax (800) 345-1WIC Appointments http://app.doh.dc.gov/services/wic/index.shtm

Online Resources

- http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/hus/hus07.pdf#075
- http://pbskids.org/arthur/grownups/health_tips/asthma.html,
- www.beat-for-health.com
- www.diabetes.org
- www.educationcenter.dc.gov/ec/cwp/view,a,1306,q,581255.asp
- www.impact-dc.org
- www.jdrf.org
- www.mypyramid.com
- $\bullet \ www.ndep.nih.gov/diabetes/What Is/What Is.htm$
- www.ndep.nih.gov/diabetes/youth/youth_FS.htm
- www.teamnutrition.com



Safety Community Resources

District of Columbia Metropolitan Police Department

300 Indiana Avenue, NW Washington, DC 20001 (202) 727-4218 IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL 911 www.mpdc.dc.gov

District of Columbia Fire and Emergency Medical Services

1923 Vermont Avenue, NW Suite 201 Washington, DC 20001 (202) 673-3331 IN CASE OF EMERGENCY CALL 911 www.fems.dc.gov

Physical Education Community Resources

Capital Community News, Inc.

224 7th Street, SE, Suite 300 Washington, DC 20003 202-543-8300 www.capitalcommunitynews.com

District of Columbia Department of Parks and Recreation

3149 16th Street, NW Washington, DC 20010 (202) 673-7647 www.dpr.dc.gov The Physicians Committee for Responsible Medicine

5100 Wisconsin Ave., NW, Suite 400 Washington, DC 20016 202-686-2210 www.KidsGetHealthy.org

Online Resources

www.presidentfitnesschallenge.com www.nps.gov



Sexual Health Community Resources

DC Campaign to Prevent Teen Pregnancy

1112 Eleventh Street, NW, Suite 100 Washington, DC 20001 http://www.dccampaign.org

District of Columbia Department of Health Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Control Program

Southeast STD Clinic DC General Hospital Campus 19th and Massachusetts Avenue, SE Building 8 Washington, DC 20003 Phone (202) 698-4050 http://www.dchealth.dc.gov/doh/site/default.asp

Metro TeenAIDS

651 Pennsylvania Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20003 (202) 543-9355 www.metroteenaids.org

Ophelia Egypt Health Center

3937A Minnesota Avenue, NE Washington, DC 20019 (202) 388-4770, Appointments www.ppmw.org

Planned Parenthood of Metropolitan Washington Schumacher Health Center

1108 16th Street, NW Washington, DC 20036 (202) 347-8512, Appointments www.ppmw.org

Whitman-Walker Clinic

1407 S Street, NW Washington, DC 20009 (202) 797-3500 (202) 797-4444 (Crisis Intervention) www.wwc.org

Online Resources

- http://kidshealth.org/teen/sexual_health/
- www.ashastd.org
- http://www.bbc.co.uk/worldservice/sci_tech/features/health/sexwise/the_journey_starts.shtml
- www.teenpregnancy.org
- http://www.mysistahs.org/
- www.siecus.org
- http://www.nlm.nih.gov/
- www.sexedlibrary.org
- http://www.realtalkdc.org/resources.php
- http://www.scarleteen.com/
- http://www.sexetc.org/
- http://www.smyal.org/
- http://www.svgbc.com/svgsyoungleaders2002/BlankPage1.htm
- http://womenshealth.about.com/od/stds/a/stdmythsvsfacts.htm
- medlineplus/teensexualhealth.html
- www.sexedlibrary.org



The District of Columbia Department of Parks and Recreation operates indoor and outdoor pools and aquatic facilities across the District throughout the year. Swimming pools may not be available for open swims during classes and other events. **Contact the facility directly to confirm open swim availability.**



Facility Name / Address	Phone	Hours	Day(s) Closed
DC Center for Therapeutic Recreation Aquatic Facility 3030 G St., SE	(202) 645-5708 (202) 645-5118 TDD	Mon - Fri: 9 am - 5 pm	Saturday Sunday
Dunbar Aquatic Facility 1301 New Jersey Ave., NW	(202) 673-4613	Mon - Fri: 4 pm - 8 pm	Saturday Sunday
Ferebee Hope Aquatic Facility 3999 8th St., SE	(202) 645-3916	Mon - Fri: 3 pm - 8 pm	Saturday Sunday
Marie Reed Aquatic Facility 2200 Champlain St., NW	(202) 673-7771	Open Swim, All ages; Mon - Fri: 3 pm - 5:30 pm Lap Swim, ages 18+; Mon - Fri: 5:30 pm - 8 pm	Saturday Sunday
Takoma Aquatic Center 300 Van Buren St., NW	(202) 576-9284	Mon - Fri: 6 am - 9 pm Sat - Sun: 9 am - 5 pm	
Turkey Thicket Aquatic Facility 1100 Michigan Ave., NE	(202) 576-9236	Mon - Fri: 6:30 am - 8 pm Sat: 9 am - 5 pm	Sunday
William H. Rumsey Aquatic Center 635 North Carolina Ave., SE	(202) 724-4495	Mon - Fri: 6:30 am - 9 pm Sat - Sun: 9 am - 5 pm	



Pool Name and Address	Phone	Summer Hours	Day Closed
Anacostia 1800 Anacostia Dr., SE	(202) 724-1441	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday
Banneker 2500 Georgia Ave., NW	(202) 673-2121	Mon - Fri: 12 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Thursday
Barry Farm 1223 Sumner Rd., SE	(202) 645-5040	Mon - Fri: 1pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12pm - 6 pm	Tuesday
Benning Park 5300 Fitch St., SE	(202) 645-5044	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Thursday
Douglass 1900 Stanton Terrace, SE	(202) 645-5045	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Wednesday
East Potomac Ohio Dr., SW	(202) 727-6523	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 7 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Wednesday
Francis 2500 N St., NW	(202) 727-3285	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Tuesday
Fort Dupont Ridge Rd. & Burns St., SE	(202) 645-5046	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Tuesday
Fort Lincoln 3201 Ft. Lincoln Dr., NE	(202) 576-6389	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday
Fort Stanton 1800 Erie St., SE	(202) 645-5047	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Thursday
Georgetown 3400 Volta Pl., NW	(202) 282-0381	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday





Pool Name and Address	Phone	Summer Hours	Day Closed
Harry Thomas Sr. 1801 Lincoln Rd., NE	(202) 576-5640	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Tuesday
Kelly Miller 4900 Brooks St., NE	(202) 724-5056	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday
Kenilworth Parkside 4300 Anacostia Ave., NE	(202) 727-0635	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Wednesday
Langdon Park Mills Ave. & Hamlin St., NE	(202) 576-8655	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Thursday
Oxon Run 4th St. & Mississippi Ave., SE	(202) 645-5042	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday
Randall South Capitol & I Sts., SW	(202) 727-1420	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday
Rosedale 17th and Gale Sts., NE	(202) 727-1502	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Tuesday
Upshur 14th St. & Arkansas Ave., NW	(202) 576-8661	Mon - Fri: 1 pm - 8 pm Sat - Sun: 12 pm - 6 pm	Monday



Places to meet (if family becomes separated):			
•				
•				
•				
Friend or relative who can relay messages to	other family members:			
Name:				
Address:	Phone:			
Utilities locations:				
Gas shutoff valve:				
Water shutoff valve:				
Main electrical box:				
Family & medical information:				
Father's workplace				
Work phone	-			
Cell phone/pager Cell phone/pager				
Childrens' schools & phone numbers				
Doctor's name	Doctor's phone			
Nearest emergency room	_			
<u> </u>	•			
Other important numbers and addresses:				



Name	Phone	Alternate Phone
Local contact:		
Out-of-state contact:		
Next of kin/relationship:		
Work contact:		
Physician name:		
Neighbor or landlord/homeowner association contact:		
Other emergency contact:		
Police/ambulance:	911	
Fire department:	911	
Gas company:		
Electric company:		
Water company:		
Poison control center:		



This guide was developed in collaboration with the Mid-Atlantic Comprehensive Center (MACC) at The George Washington University Center for Equity and Excellence in Education. Educators representing the District of Columbia Public Schools and Charter Schools and parents contributed to this guide. Many thanks to these members of the Writing Committee and Parent Focus Group:

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District of Columbia Public Schools

Sara Martin

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Cesar Chavez Public Charter School

Parent Focus Group

Healthy, Active Beginnings:

A Parent's Guide to Health and Physical Education

Standards Pre-Kindergarten through Grade 5

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Friendship Public Charter School

Ronald Cook

Tyler Elementary School

Healthy, Active Transitions:

A Parent's Guide to Health and Physical

Education Standards
Grades 6, 7 and 8

Jennifer Galloway

Raymond Elementary School

Healthy, Active Adolescence:

A Parent's Guide to Health and Physical

Education Standards Grades 9 through 12 Michelle Coley

Archdiocese High School

Karen Willis-Henry

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Community Outreach





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